COURSE OUTLINE

SBT 317: FOOD MICROBIOLOGY

Purpose: To give a comprehensive knowledge and understanding on the relevance of microorganisms in food production, processing and storage. This course will emphasize on role of microorganisms in food production and processing; food as growth medium for microorganisms; food bone intoxications and infections and how to prevent them and food spoilage by microorganisms. It will also give detailed knowledge on food preservation, industrial food quality control techniques and determination of food quality for the market.

Course Objectives

- 1. Determine microbiological quality of appropriate techniques.
- 2. Determine microbial types involved in spoilage and health hazards and identify the sources
- 3. Understand basic mechanism of pathogenesis of foodborne microbes.
- 4. Design corrective procedures to control the spoilage and pathogenic microorganisms in foods and food ingredients
- 5. Learn rapid methods to isolate and identify pathogens and spoilage bacteria from food.
- 6. Design effective sanitation procedures to control spoilage and pathogen problems in food processing

Expected Learning Outcome

By the end of the course unit the learner should be able to:

- 1. To detect food spoilage and identify microorganisms involved in food spoilage.
- 2. To explain food spoilage microorganisms and their possible sources
- 3. Explain factors influencing food spoilage.
- 4. Distinguish between food borne intoxications and infections in humans and how they can be prevented.
- 5. Detect food spoilage and isolate food spoilage microbes from various food products
- 6. Explain various food preservation methods.
- 7. Explain various food products from microorganisms and how they are produced industrially.

COURSE CONTENT

Food spoilage; factors influencing microorganisms in food spoilage; food preservation: refrigeration, moisture control, canning, radiation and chemicals: food borne infections and intoxication: preventing food borne diseases: foods from microorganisms, fermentations(beer, wines and spirits), Other products: Sauerkraut, pickles, vinegar, sour milk products, cheese and egg products, Cereal food products, single cell protein, meat and meat products, Fish and fish products: Poultry, egg and egg products.

Learning & Teaching Methodologies

- Lectures delivered through PowerPoint presentation,
- Class discussions.
- Group discussions and presentations trough PowerPoint presentations,
- Practical (laboratory) lessons,
- · Reading Assignments

Instructional Materials and Equipment

- Laptop PC,
- LCD projector and audio equipment(speakers),
- · Lecture Notes,
- · Papers from peer reviewed journals, Handouts;
- Microbiology Lab with a laminar flow, autoclave and incubators
- Library; Internet
- · Field visit to at least one food processing industry

Course Assessment

- Examination 70%:
- 2 Continuous Assessments 20%
- Laboratory reports, Individual and group assignments and presentations) 10%;
- Total 100%

Recommended Text Books

- Fundamentals of food microbiology by Bibek Ray and Arun Bhunia.
- Modern food microbiology sixth edition by James M. Jay
- Selected published papers from peer reviewed journals
- You Tube Videos
- Any other book in the Library

Teaching Schedule

NEEK	LECTURE	TOPIC	SUBTOPIC
	1	Introduction to the course	 Course objective and general guide lines to the course
			Guidelines to laboratory report writing
文小	2 2.	Food spoilage	What is food spoilage?
	α.		Indicators of food spoilage
Sept.			Natural decay in foods
			Chemistry of food spoilage
	3 4	Sources of food contaminating microorganisms and food contamination from these sources	• Soil
			• Air
			Water
		can be prevented	Sewage
٧Ç [4		Plants and plants products
5.0			Food ingredients
			Equipment's
			Food handlers
	5		Animal feeds
			Animals, birds, fish, shellfish
	6 5.	 HACCP Systems 	Definition of HACCP
N 8		 Introduction on Laboratory practical 	 How to develop a HACCP for a given food product
		1	Properties of good quality milk
			How to assay for the quality of milk?
	6	Factors influencing growth of	Intrinsic factors
	w	Microbial organisms in foods	• pH,
1000			 Water activity,
			 oxidation-reduction potential
	Practical	Quality test of raw vs pasteurized milk	Methylene blue reductase test
	1		Standard plate count
r. Virgin	ia W. Wang'on	du	Coliform test Page

5	7	Factors influencing growth of Microbial organisms in foods	 Nutrient content Antimicrobial constituents Biological structures
	Practical 2	Determination of microbial load in selected foods (Fish, chicken, meat)	Standard plate count on nutrient agar: coliform counts on EMB Agar
6	7	Factors influencing growth of Microbial organisms in foods	Extrinsic factors temperature of storage relative humidity of environment
	Practical 3	Determination of microbial load in foods	Sausage, Yoghurt, cheese
7	8	Factors influencing growth of Microbial organisms in foods	 presence and concentration of gases presence and activities of other micro organisms
	7	CAT 1	
8	9 3 7	Types of microorganisms in foods	Bacteria moulds Yeast, Protozoa Viruses
9	10	Food borne infections and intoxications	 Definition of food intoxications and food infections Exotoxins vs endotoxins Neurotoxins vs enterotoxins
			 The most common food borne diseases Campylobacteriosis Salmonellosis Botulism
10	Practical 4	Determination of microbial load in drinking water	Microbial tests(coliform test on lactose broth, EMB agar and standard plate count) of various water brands from the market and comparing with tap water and Chiromo River

			water
	11	Food borne infections and intoxications (continuation) Food borne infections and	 Clostridium perfingens food poisoning Shigellosis Staphylococcus aureus
11	12	intoxications	 Moulds (aflatoxins/fumonisins Protozoa (<i>Amoeba</i>, <i>Giardia</i>, <i>Cyclospora</i>)
	13		Nematodes(<i>Trichinella</i>) Viruses
12	13	Food preservation methods	 Use of heat (pasteurization, canning) Use of low temperatures (Freezing) Drying
	14		 Chemicals(propionic acid, benzoic, sulphur dioxide) Antimicrobials Flavoring agents Spices and essential oils
13	15	Food from microorganisms (fermented products Group presentations-9 groups of 8 students each)	 Group 1 Beer Group 2 Red wine Group 3 Yoghurt
	16		 Group 4 White wine Group 5 Cheese Group 6 Meat products
14	17		 Group 7 Bread products Group 8 Fish products Group 9 Sauerkraut, pickles and Vinegar
	18	CAT 2	
15	REVIS	SION WEEK	